

2.2.1

# **V40D** SERIES

Swash-plate Type
Axial Piston Variable Displacement Pump

V40D series variable axial piston pump with swashplate design for hydrostatic drives in closed circuit, high pressure, high speed, high reliability, low noise, can be applied in engineering machinery, mobile machinery and agricultural machinery.

Applied in medium pressure closed circuit

Size: 23 Rated pressure (bar): 250 Max. pressure (bar): 300



#### Contents

# Technical Data Type introduction Hydraulic fluid Shaft seal E - Electrical displacement control Proportional control Pump principle & installation size • V40D 23

#### **Features**

02-03

04-06

07

08

09

10-13

- Variable axial piston pump of swashplate design for hydrostatic drives in closed circuit.
   The flow is proportional to the drive speed and
- displacement. The flow increases as the angle of the swashplate is adjusted from zero to its maximum value.
- · Flow direction changes smoothly when the swashplate is moved through the neutral position.
- ·Two pressure-relief valves are provided on the high pressure ports to protect the hydrostatic transmission (pump and motor) from overload.
- ·The integrated charge pump can provide system replenishing and cooling fluid flow.
- · High reliability, long working lifetime
- · Compact structure, high power density.

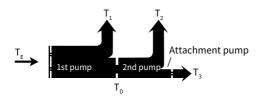
# **Technical data**

Size		23
Displacement (cc/rev)		23
	Rated (rpm)	3300
Speed	Max. (rpm)	3600
	Min. (rpm)	500
	Rated (bar)	250
	Max. (bar)	300
Pressure	Minimum low loop pressure (bar) (Above charge pump)	10
Charge pump displace	ment (cc/rev)	5.3/9.4
Charge pressure (relative to Charge pump)	Max. (bar)	30
	Rated (bar)	1.5
Casting pressure	Max. (bar)(Short- time peak pressure)	2.5
Suction pressure ( Absolute pressure )	Rated (bar) Oil viscosity ≤ 30mm²/s	0.8
(	Max. (bar)	2
Oil viscosity (mm²/s)		10~1000, Best range: 16~36
Oil temperature (°C)		-20~95
Oil cleanliness		ISO 4406 Class 20/18/15 or higher
Weight ( w/o auxiliary f	lange ) (Kg)	15

# **Technical data**

Permissible input and through-drive torques					
Size			23		
Torque at $V_{g max}$ and $\Delta p = 345 \text{ I}$	par Nm	Т	183		
Maximum input torque at driv					
ANSI B92.1b	5/8 in 9T 16/32 DP	T <sub>E max</sub>	125		
AM2I D35'IN	7/8 in 13T 16/32DP		300		
Maximum through-drive torqu	e (Nm)	T <sub>D max</sub>	100		

# ·Torque distribution



V40D	1st pump	T <sub>1</sub>
V40D	2nd pump	T <sub>2</sub>
Attachment pump		T <sub>3</sub>
Input to raus		$T_E = T_1 + T_2 + T_3$
Input torque		$T_{\rm E} < T_{\rm Emax}$
Through-drive torque		$T_{D} \! = \! T_2 \! + \! T_3$
Tillough-unive torque		$T_D < T_{D max}$

# **Type introduction**

	V40	D	S	23	H5	Α		/	R	N	A1	4	FF	A1	9	S	-	
ſ	1	2	3	4	(5)	6	7		8	9	10	11)	(12)	(13)	14)	15)		16

### **Product series**

①   Variable piston pump of swashplate in closed circuit   V40
--

## Nominal pressure

2	nominal pressure 250 bar	D
---	--------------------------	---

## Variable mechanism

		23	Code
3	With servo piston	•	Blank
	Without servo piston (manual variable)	•	S

## Size

4	Size	23
---	------	----

#### Control mode

		23	Code
	Proportional control (electric U = 12 V DC)	•	E1
(5)	Proportional control (electric U = 24 V DC)	•	E2
	Hydraulic control direct operated – optimized for hydraulic control	•	H3
	Manual direct displacement control	•	H5

Remark: V40D23 when selecting without servo piston (manual variable), please choose manual direct variable control as the control method.

### DA control valve

		23	Code
(	Without swivel DA control valve	•	Blank
	Swivel DA control valve	•	Α

### Pressure cut-off

(7)		23	Code
	Without pressure cut-off	•	Blank

# **Type introduction**

## Rotation

Г			23	Code
	8	Right hand (clockwise)	•	R
		Left hand (counter-clockwise)	0	L

## Oil port specifications and sealing

(		Sealing element	Oil port standard (excluding ports A, B, and S)	23	Code
	8	Room temperature	ISO 1179 (British threaded Flat Seals)		Е
		sealing	ISO 1179 (British threaded Flat Seals)		_

## Mounting flange and input shaft

I		Mounting flange	Input shaft	23	Code
	10	SAE A J744-82-2	ANSI B92.1b 5/8 in 9T 16/32 DP	•	A1
		SAE B J744-101-2	ANSI B92.1b 7/8 in 13T 16/32DP	•	B1

## **Working port**

Γ	11)	Working port	23	Code
	(11)	Threaded ports A and B, right (viewed on drive shaft) – consult factory	•	4

# Boost pump and rotary group configuration

Standard rotary group, without boost pump						
<ul><li>Standard rotary group,</li></ul>	Charge pump displacement (cc/rev)	23	Code			
boost pump integrated	5.3	•	FF			
	9.4	•	FG			

# Through drive option

	Through drive		23	Code
(13)	Without through drive			Blank
(3)	Flange	Splined shaft		
	SAE A J744-82-2	ANSI B92.1b 5/8 in 9T 16/32 DP	•	A1

### Relief valve

	Relief valve	Setting range Δp	23	Code
	Direct-acting high-			
14	pressure relief valve,	50~250bar, without a bypass		9
	fixed setting			

# Type introduction

## Filtration boost circuit/external boost pressure supply

ſ			23	Code
	(15)	Filtration in the boost pump suction line	•	S
		Filtration in the boost pump pressure line		D
		(ports with external filter circuit)		ا تا

# Standard / special version

16		23	Code
100	Standard version	•	Blank

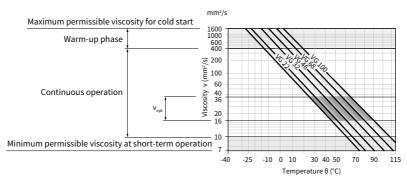
Remark: ● = Available; ○ = On request

# Hydraulic fluid

## Viscosity and temperature of the hydraulic fluid

	Viscosity(mm²/s)	Oil seal	Temperature	Note
Cald stant	< 1000	NBR	$\theta_{St} \geqslant -40^{\circ}C$	t ≤ 3 minutes, no load(p ≤ 50bar), n ≤ 1000rpm, Maximum permissible
Cold start	$v_{max} \leq 1600$	FKM	$\theta_{St} \geqslant -25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	temperature difference between the rotating parts of the system and the hydraulic fluid 25° C.
Warm-up phase	v = 1600 ··· 400			$t \le 15 \text{ minutes, } p \le 0.7 \times p_{\text{nom}}, \ n \le 0.5 \times n_{\text{nom}}$
	v = 400 ··· 10	NBR	θ ≤ +85 °C	Massacrad at all posts T
Continuous operation		FKM	θ ≤ +110°C	Heasured at oil port T
	ν <sub>opt</sub> = 36 ··· 16			Optimum operating viscosity and efficiency range
Short-term	v <sub>min</sub> = 10 ··· 7	NBR	θ ≤ +85°C	$t \le 3$ minutes, $p \le 0.3 \times p_{nom}$ , Measured at oil
operation		FKM	θ ≤ +110°C	port T

#### Selection chart



## Detailed information on the selection of hydraulic fluids

To select the hydraulic fluid correctly, it is necessary to know the operating temperature in relation to the ambient temperature: in closed circuits the oil circuit temperature.

When selecting a hydraulic fluid, the operating viscosity should be in the optimum range for the operating temperature range ( $v_{opt}$  see shaded area of the selection chart). We recommend selecting a higher viscosity grade in all cases.

Example: When the operating temperature in the circuit is 60° C, in the optimum operating viscosity range (shaded area of the voot), corresponding to viscosity grades VG46 or VG68; VG68 should be selected.

#### Caution

The case drain temperature (influenced by pressure and speed) may be higher than the oil line temperature or tank temperature.

However, the temperature of any part of the component must not exceed 100° C.

## **Hydraulic fluid**

## Filtration of hydraulic fluid

Finer filtration improves the cleanliness of the hydraulic fluid, thereby extending the life of rotating parts. A cleanliness of at least 20/18/15 (ISO 4406) should be maintained. When the viscosity of the hydraulic fluid is less than 10mm²/s (e.g. due to high temperatures during short-term operation, a cleanliness level of at least 19/17/14 (ISO 4406) is required.

#### ▲ Note

- When using mineral oil based hydraulic fluid, refer to the left diagram for the range of pressures used for oil seals, please contact us if other hydraulic fluids are used.
   The service life of the oil seal is affected by the rotational speed and the pressure difference between the inside and outside of the seal, in addition to the hydraulic oil
- and temperature.
   The pressure difference between the inside and outside of the seal must be greater than or equal to zero.

2

## E - Electrical displacement control

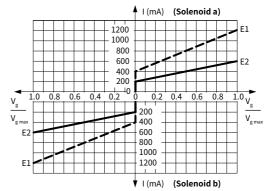
## · Electrical displacement control principle

The output flow of the pump is infinitely variable between 0 and 100%, proportional to the electrical current sup-plied to solenoid a or b.

The electrical energy is converted into a force acting on the control spool.

This control spool then directs control oil into and out of the stroking cylinder to adjust pump displacement as required.

A feedback lever connected to the stroking piston main-tains the pump flow for any given current within the con-trol range.



#### Standard:

Proportional solenoid without manual emergency operation.

#### Supply as required:

Proportional solenoid with manual emergency operation and spring return.

#### Technical data, solenoid

Control		E1	E2	
Voltage		12 V (±20%)	24 V (±20%)	
Control	Start of control at V <sub>g</sub> =0	400 mA	200 mA	
current	End of control at V <sub>g max</sub>	1200 mA	600 mA	
Current limit		1540 mA	840 mA	
Nominal r	esistance (at 68 °F (20°C )	5.5 Ω	21.7 Ω	
Dither free	quency	100Hz / 120Hz (120Hz only for the V40E175 closed pumps)		
Duty cycle		100%		
Type of pr	otection	See connector version		

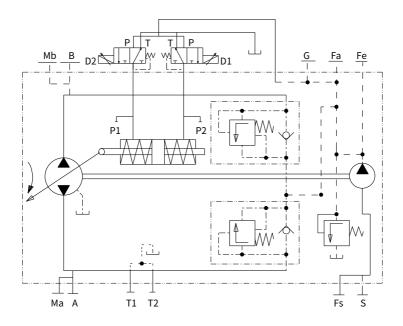
#### Note:

#### The spring-return device in the control module is not a safety device

The control module may be stuck in an uncertain position by internal impurities (hydraulic oil impurities, system component wear or sediment). As a result, the controller can no longer respond correctly to the instruction from the operator.

Check whether additional safety measures are required on your machine to move the drive actuator to a controlled safe position (emergency stop). When necessary, please ensure that these operations are implemented correctly.

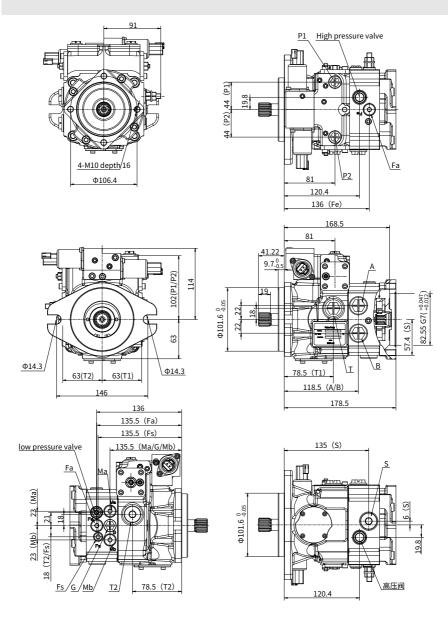
# V40D23 Pump principle



Control	l Flow	Start the	Control	High	Low
Control and Flow		electromagnet	pressure	pressure	voltage
	Dextrorotation	D1	P2	A1	B1
Rotation	Dextrorotation	D2	P1	B1	A1
direction	Levorotation	D1	P2	B1	A1
		D2	P1	A1	B1

# **Installation size**

## V40D23 installation size



# **Installation size**

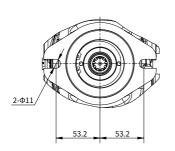
## ·V40D23Port details

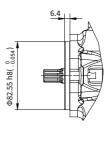
Port	Port Name	Port Size and Description	Tightening Torque(N.m)	Maximum pressure (bar)
А, В	Work lines	ISO 1179-1	G 1/2 (depth 15)	250
Ma, Mb	Outlet pressure	ISO 1179-1	G 1/4 (depth 12.5)	250
P1, P2	Control chamber pressure	ISO 1179-1	G 1/4 (depth 12.5)	30
S	Oil suction line	ISO 1179-1	G 1/2 (depth 15)	5
T1, T2	Oil drain line	ISO 1179-1	G 1/2 (depth 15)	3
G	Top-up pressure	ISO 1179-1	G 1/4 (depth 12.5)	30
Fe	Oil replenishment pressure outlet	ISO 1179-1	G 1/4 (depth 12.5)	30
Fa	Oil replenishment pressure inlet	ISO 1179-1	G 1/4 (depth 12.5)	30
Fs	Oil suction pressure	ISO 1179-1	G 1/8 (depth 8)	3

## 02

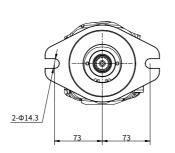
# **Installation size**

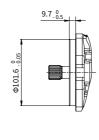
# V40D23 Mounting Flange





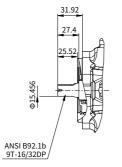
SAE "A1" type

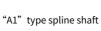


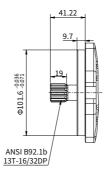


SAE "B1" type

# V40D23 Input Shaft type







"B1" type spline shaft

China

+86 400 101 8889

**America** +01 630 995 3674

Germany

+49 (30) 72088-0

**Japan** +81 03 6809 1696



© This brochure can be reproduced, edited, reproduced or transmitted electronically without the authorization of Hengli Hydraulic Company. Due to the continuous development of the product, the information in this brochure is not specific to the specific conditions or applicability of the industry, thus, Hengli does not take any responsibility for any incomplete or inaccurate description.